

# Behaviour & Anti- Bullying Policy

Next Review Date:	March 2025		
Person Responsible:	SLT		
Signature of Executive Headto	eacher:	Chay ( Del)	
Date			
Signature of Link Trustee:		Claire Snuth	
Date	March 20	024	

March 2024

Date Written/Reviewed:

#### 'Our mission is that we will be happy and successful'

We are a school where children can enjoy learning and where achievement in all aspects of life is celebrated. We want our pupils to develop caring, confident and tolerant attitudes.

Good, clear and consistent management both within the context of the classroom and outside the classroom are of paramount importance in establishing good practice of behaviour and discipline within the school. As children spend a lot of time within the classroom it is essential that well organised and delivered lessons seek to secure good standards of behaviour. Good behaviour leads to happy children, which in turn leads to high achievement. As a school we expect a good standard of politeness from child to adult or from adult to child.

This policy is written in accordance with 'Behaviour and discipline in schools: Advice for headteachers and school staff, September 2022' and acknowledges the school's legal duties under the Equality Act 2010, in respect of safeguarding and of pupils with special educational needs (SEND).

#### Responsibilities

Within the classroom the individual teacher is responsible for the standards of behaviour.

#### Children's responsibilities:

- to work to the best of their abilities, and allow others to do the same
- to treat others with respect and show good manners at all times
- to follow the instructions of the school staff
- to take care of property and the environment in and out of school
- to co-operate with other children and adults

## Staff responsibilities:

- to treat all children fairly and with respect
- to raise each child's self-esteem and develop their full potential
- to provide a challenging, interesting and relevant curriculum
- to create a safe and pleasant environment, physically and emotionally
- to use rules and sanctions clearly and consistently
- to be a good role model
- to form a good relationship with parents so that all children can see that the key adults in their lives share a common aim
- to recognise that each child is an individual and to be aware of their needs

#### **Behaviour Strategies**

#### **Good Practice:**

- deal with situations in a calm, firm manner avoiding confrontation where possible
- use positive instructional language (PIL) whenever possible and as often as possible
- think carefully about what you are saying and set realistic sanctions
- where possible try to deal with situations yourself to enhance your own credibility and authority
- do not leave children unsupervised as a punishment
- praise children who are doing the right thing as an incentive for others to follow
- be consistent whilst taking into account each child's individual need

#### Rewards

In our weekly celebration assembly, certificates are given to pupils who have achieved well throughout the week. We also celebrate class attendance and sporting success with our sports trophies.

Learning rewards are given in class to reward 'learning moments'. Children collect these on an individual chart, and are celebrated in assembly when they have collected a full chart.

The school has a team point system, with each child a member of one of four house teams. Team points can be given by any member of staff to reward positive behaviour and achievement.

# **Sanctions**

If the behaviour of an individual gives cause for concern, the following procedure should be followed.

Level	Student Behaviour	Teacher Action	Extra Support
1	Child respects the rights of others, is co-operative and self-controlled.	Positively reinforce behaviour – specific feedback e.g. encouragement, sharing success, responsibilities, team points, learning rewards, certificates, Citizenship Award, praise from SLT	Involve colleagues, parents and whole school in pupil achievement.
2	Minor disruptions, talking, off task, poor concentration, low concentration levels.	Teacher seeks supportive solution with child, negotiating small steps to success. Use of lunchtime or break-time to complete work if appropriate, reflect on disruption caused.	If necessary involve YG Leader to define problem and assist in solution (or member of SLT if child is in YG Leader's class).
3	Persistently infringes on the rights of others. Rude or disruptive behaviour. Continuing level 2 behaviour.	Teacher consults with colleagues/SLT. Monitor with behaviour/incident logs using Safeguard and continue range of strategies.	Involve support from YG Leader/AHT/Executive Head.
4	Continually breaches the rights of others, verbal or physical assault, defiance or continued determination in behaviour.	Teacher consults with colleagues, behaviour support staff and SLT. Behaviour / incident logs kept on Safeguard (or written if necessary) and reviewed with SLT. Modified playtime privileges, time out, daily behaviour report, agreed period of internal exclusion, withdrawal from school trip or other event, etc.	Must involve SLT, who will contact parents.
5	Seriously violates the rights of others and shows no signs of wanting to improve e.g. abusive, poor effect on peers, uncooperative, verbal or physical assault.	Teacher refers the problems directly to SLT. SLT will consider action in accordance with the appropriate policies, including the Restraint and Health and Safety policies. After discussion with pupil and parents an internal or fixed term exclusion may be considered.	Involve Executive Headteacher, parent and other agencies.

	(See Appendix 1 for our	
	exclusion statement)	

If the behaviour occurs at play or lunchtime, other members of staff should follow these steps and refer to class teacher.

There may be times when a child needs time out or a "change of scenery" because of constant distractions or low-level inattention. The first point of contact should be the Year Group Leader and then (if necessary) a member of SLT. Leaving the classroom should rarely happen, but if behaviour dictates this course of action regularly, then the Executive Headteacher must be informed.

#### **Pupil Support Systems**

Within school we have a full-time pupil and parent support worker, who is able to provide support to pupils experiencing social, emotional and behavioural difficulties. This will involve providing help and support for the child in coping with situations and providing them with strategies to help them manage their own behaviour. A programme of strategies, which may include lunch time clubs, will be developed between the child, class teacher, parent and SLT where appropriate.

#### **Involving Parents/Carers**

When parents are approached it should be to:

- seek their help and support
- inform them of any incidents which may cause their child to become distressed or anxious

Involving parents will, in most cases, follow these steps:

- an informal discussion regarding any incidents of unacceptable behaviour that they need to be aware of (This may happen on more than one occasion)
- the parents are asked to come in for a formal meeting with the class teacher; a senior leader may also be present
- parents are asked to come in for a meeting with an Assistant Headteacher, Head of School or Executive Headteacher

# **Managing Pupil Transition:**

When our Year 6 children move on to secondary school, the Year 6 and Year 7 teachers will liaise together to discuss relevant information that needs to be passed on. We aim to make the transition to secondary school as smooth as possible for the children. Our pupil parent support worker works closely with the secondary schools and carries out transition sessions with any vulnerable children.

#### The Power to Search without Consent

School staff have the power to search without consent for "prohibited items."

#### **Confiscation of Inappropriate Items:**

Teachers can confiscate pupils' property but it will be given back at the end of the day.

Mobile phones will be sent to the office but staff are not to be held responsible for the loss of any phones.

## Pupils' Conduct outside the School Gates - Teachers' Powers

If non-criminal bad behaviour and bullying occurs anywhere off the school premises and is witnessed by a member of staff or reported to school, the school will endeavour to discuss and resolve the issue by liaising with parents and the child. Staff can also discipline a child using the sanctions stated previously if that child is adversely affecting the reputation of the school or poses a threat to another child or member of the public. However, if the situation cannot be resolved, outside agencies may be called in.

We encourage all children to be ambassadors for our school and expect high standards of behaviour at all times when children are wearing their school uniform.

### **Malicious Allegations**

If an allegation is made against a member of staff the quick resolution of that allegation should be a clear priority to the benefit of all concerned. All allegations should be reported immediately to the Executive Headteacher, who will if necessary, contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) responsible for advice and follow the allegations management guidelines. Pupils that are found to have made malicious allegations are likely to have breached the school behaviour policy. The school will therefore consider whether to impose an appropriate sanction, which could be temporary or permanent exclusion, as well as referral to the police if there are grounds for believing a criminal offence may have been committed.

#### **Use of Positive Handling**

A number of members of staff have undergone the Team-Teach training. These staff will be responsible for carrying out any positive handling when necessary.

- De-escalation of a situation is always the first strategy:
- Remain calm
- Send children with the coloured card to the office so that additional adults can attend the room/playground and SLT is informed.
- Remove the rest of the class from the situation e.g. send them out to the hall with the LSA, making sure you have an additional adult to be with you as a witness.
- Talk calmly to the child, listen to their responses
- Allow time to calm the situation; do not get into an argument or get another adult to ask questions if appropriate

Positive handling of children is only used when a child is at risk of hurting themselves or others or is seriously damaging property. It may be used if a child's behaviour is negatively impacting on the learning and experience of other children. Should a child be exhibiting these more extreme behaviours an individual risk assessment will be developed and shared with all staff.

Records of the incident will be made immediately after the incident and parents will be informed.

It is always unlawful to use force as a punishment. This is because it would fall within the definition of corporal punishment, which is illegal.

#### **Anti-Bullying**

Bullying: 'the wilful, conscious wish to hurt or threaten someone'

S.T.O.P – Several Times On Purpose

Ensuring that all young people enjoy learning free from fear of bullying is the responsibility of the whole school community – from trustees to learning support assistants, and parents and carers to young people themselves. It is a basic entitlement that all children learn in an environment which is free from humiliation, threat or abuse. At West Leigh Junior school we address any bullying which may take place as a whole school through staff awareness of this important issue.

#### **Legal Framework**

This policy has due regard to legislation, including, but not limited to the following:

- Education and Inspections Act 2006
- Equality Act 2010
- Children Act 1989
- Protection from Harassment Act 1997
- Malicious Communications Act 1988
- Public Order Act 1986
- Communications Act 2003
- Human Rights Act 1998
- Crime and Disorder Act 1998

#### **Definition**

For the purpose of this policy, bullying is persistent behaviour by an individual or group with the intention of verbally, physically or emotionally harming another person or group.

Bullying is generally characterised by:

- Repetition: incidents are not one-offs; they are frequent and happen over a period of time
- Intent: the perpetrator(s) mean to cause verbal, physical or emotional harm; it is not accidental
- Targeting: bullying is generally targeted at a specific individual or group, e.g. because of race, religion, gender or sexual orientation
- Power Imbalance: whether real or perceived, bullying is generally based on unequal power relations

Bullying can take place in the following ways:

- verbal (teasing, making threats, name-calling)
- physical
- emotional, hurting feelings
- silent, involving the isolation of the victim by ignoring him or her, or by excluding him or her from group activities
- deliberate damage to the victim's property, or taking that property without permission.
- online (cyber) e.g. email, social networks, instant messenger, text messages

All forms of bullying are unacceptable and reports are investigated and recorded by the school Senior Leadership Team. In common with our general behaviour policy, any incidents found to be of a racist, sexual, transphobic or homophobic nature will be fully investigated and reported to the Executive Headteacher, relevant parents, trustees and the Local Authority. All racist, homophobic, transphobic, discriminative incidents and those of peer-on-peer abuse and/or sexual harassment are recorded on an incident sheet found in the Assistant Headteacher's office. These are filed and kept by the Assistant Headteacher.

#### Prevention

We aim to provide our children with the tools to deal with incidents of bullying through our curriculum rather than children relying on us to make the right choices for them. At West Leigh Junior School we have a caring, co-operative whole school ethos which promotes successful social behaviour amongst our children. Our PSHE policy and delivery are annually reviewed with particular consideration to multi-cultural topics and equality issues. Children have engaged fully with the anti-bullying policy and have produced their own child friendly version, which has been shared with parents and is in every classroom. PSHE lessons ensure that themes of friendship and tolerance are regularly addressed. The following units specifically address these issues:

- Why are Friendships Important? (Autumn Year 3)
- How Can I Show Respect? (Summer 1 Year 3)

- What is Bullying and What Can I Do About It? (Autumn 2 Year 4)
- What is the Same and Different About Us? (Spring 1 Year 4)
- What Does Discrimination Mean? (Autumn 1 Year 5)
- What Makes a Happy and Healthy Relationship? (Summer Year 6)

All members of the school community are made aware of the school's anti-bullying policy.

All staff are aware of the signs of bullying. These include, but are not limited to, the following:

- being frightened to travel to and from school
- asking to be driven to school
- unwillingness to attend school
- becoming anxious or lacking confidence
- drop in attendance
- saying that they feel ill in the morning
- decreased involvement in school work
- returning home with damaged possessions or clothing
- missing possessions
- missing money
- asking for extra money or stealing
- cuts or bruises
- lack of appetite
- unwillingness to use the internet or mobile devices
- becoming agitated when receiving calls or text messages
- lack of eye contact
- becoming short tempered
- change in behaviour and attitude

#### **Procedures**

All reported cases of bullying will be challenged by a member of staff and are investigated. The children involved may be asked to write down what has happened. Such cases will always be followed up by staff in the hierarchical system and we will endeavour to make children involved feel supported.

All staff are aware of the process that is required when a bullying incident occurs – please see attached flow chart.

If a pattern occurs with a certain child who is showing repeated evidence of bullying, having not responded to interventions from staff, the following procedures will take place:

- The bullied pupil may be asked to record all events in pictures/writing
- The perpetrator may be required to record all events in pictures/writing
- We will record all discussions with the perpetrator or bullied pupils in writing
- The parents will have been informed and will be made aware that any reports will be put on a child's file for a fixed period and encouraged to support the school and child.
- The parents will be asked to respond either in writing or by visiting the school where records of any discussions will also be kept in writing.

#### **Sanctions**

If the Senior Leader investigating is satisfied that bullying did take place, the pupil will be helped to understand the consequences of their actions and warned that there must be no further incidents. The Senior Leader informs the pupil of the type of sanction to be used in this instance (loss of lunchtime or playtime, etc.) and future sanctions if the bullying continues. The bullying pupil is reminded that some children do not appreciate the distress that they are causing and that they should change their behaviour.

If possible, the Senior Leader will attempt reconciliation and will obtain a genuine apology from the child who has bullied. Discretion is used here; victims will never feel pressured into a face to face meeting.

We understand at West Leigh Junior School that bullying will vary in extent and degree and we have a responsibility as a whole school staff to lead by example. A school which is caring and values both staff and pupils will have less bullying and will be far more aware of any problems that do occur.

This policy links to the following policies:

- Safeguarding (Portico)
- Equal opportunities
- Child Protection (West Leigh)
- PSHE
- RSE
- Online safety

This policy has been developed in consultation with parents, staff and pupils.

#### **Exclusion Statement**

#### **Sanctions**

Pupils are reminded regularly of expected behaviour and of the consequences of inappropriate actions. When a pupil does not respond to reasonable requests and warnings, they will be given a sanction.

If the pupil fails to respond to additional support and sanctions given in class, a member of the Senior Leadership Team may be called. The pupil may be asked to leave the class for a short period of time.

The involvement of the Senior Leadership Team may lead to further sanctions.

A behaviour log on the online *Safeguard* programme is used to record incidents of inappropriate behaviour, in addition serious incidents are recorded on a Serious Incident Form. (Incidents of bullying are recorded in the bullying log in accordance with the Anti-bullying policy.)

Sanctions are expected to be in proportion and if possible related to the behaviour shown. The sanctions could be:

- completion of work at an alternative time (such as break or lunchtime)
- supervised time out from the playground
- withdrawal from extra-curricular clubs
- removal from class
- Internal/fixed-term/permanent exclusion see below

Pupils whose behaviour is consistently causing concern will be discussed with the SLT and Portico Behaviour Team and may be given a consistent behaviour management plan. Following a discussion with the Assistant Headteacher for Inclusion, the pupil's name may be placed on the SEND register under the category of Social Emotional and Mental Health Difficulties (SEMH) if this is believed to be the primary cause of the pupil's difficulties. The school may seek the support of other professionals. A small number of pupils not on the SEND register may have a consistent behaviour management plan.

#### Changes to the school day

In order for pupils to achieve success they may be offered a change in the times for their school day. This can provide pupils presenting inappropriate behaviour to attend school for a shorter period of time giving them an opportunity to demonstrate good behaviour and then build on that success. This is a very short term measure and will last a maximum of 12 weeks. Throughout this period regular meetings are held with parents to provide them with progress information. The increase of time in school is under constant review with the aim of achieving full time as soon as possible.

#### **Exclusions**

If after following the sanctions outlined above behaviour does not improve, then a fixed-term exclusion may be considered. It is also possible that a fixed-term exclusion will be given for any incident if it is deemed to be serious.

(As an alternative to a fixed-term exclusion where the pupil is expected to be off site, pupils may be offered an internal exclusion where the pupil will be educated in isolation.)

The following are examples of behaviour that could lead to a fixed-term exclusion:

- Refusing to follow reasonable adult requests
- Fighting in or around school
- Verbal, physical, sexual or emotional abuse of another person
- Acting in a manner likely to cause danger to themselves or others
- Acts of vandalism
- Incidents that might continue if there was not a 'cooling off period'.
- Any other situation where the Executive Headteacher or Head of School considers fixed-term exclusion appropriate

After each fixed-term exclusion, the Executive Headteacher will call a post-exclusion meeting with the pupil and their family to discuss their child's return to school. It may be deemed appropriate to provide support which may be in the form of a support plan which may include part time attendance or a positive handling plan.

The exclusion process is used for three main purposes:

- To give clear warning to the pupil and their family that the behaviour is unacceptable and must change if the child is to remain in the school
- To allow a 'cooling off' period
- To enable pupils to learn in a safe, calm environment

During each exclusion the Executive Headteacher will consider whether:

- Further investigation of the incident is needed
- The pupil should be permanently excluded
- The pupil should have a managed change of school
- Additional resources are available which may allow the pupil to remain in the school without further
  exclusions such as a referral to Early Help or other outside agencies

The following behaviour could lead to a permanent exclusion

- Serious incidents or assault, including using threatening behaviour, on or towards another pupil, member of staff or visitor
- Endangering lives
- Persistent unacceptable behaviour, including frequent refusal to follow school rules and regulation as outlined above which has not been modified by fixed-term exclusion
- Possession of a weapon
- Possession of an illegal substance

Supervised education is provided from the 6<sup>th</sup> day of exclusion by the Local Authority. Work will be provided by school from the first day of exclusion which may be of a blended variety – both physical work to be collected by parents and online work via Showbie. The child must not be in a public place during school hours for the period of the exclusion. Pupils must not return to school property without consent from the Executive Headteacher and cannot attend school events during this time. (For all exclusions we follow the Southend Local Authority guidance.)

# **Portico Academy Trust/Governance**

The Executive Headteacher is required to report to the trustees on the effectiveness of the policy. Exclusions must be reported and in certain circumstances, a Pupil Discipline Committee may be convened to consider exclusion.

# **Bullying Flow Chart**

# Recording Incidents of Bullying

